

SB 1383

All residents must comply with California's new organics recycling law, Senate Bill (SB) 1383. SB 1383 aims to reduce methane emissions by diverting organic waste from landfill by establishing statewide recycling requirements for cities and counties. It requires all residents and

businesses to divert organic materials (including: food scraps, plant trimmings, and unlined soiled paper products) from the landfill. The City is required to monitor contamination and enforce the mandated requirements.

SB 1383 Business Requirements (includes MFD's)

- Supply and allow access to an adequate number, size, and location of recycling and organic waste containers for all employees, contractors and tenants.
- Place recycling and organic waste bins next to all trash bins provided for customer use. The bins must be of a sufficient number and size to collect all recyclables and organic wastes generated onsite.
- Provide restrooms with an organics bin to collect paper towels, if paper towels are present.
- Ensure that all bins for customers, employees and contractors meet either the color OR labeling requirements listed below.
- Color requirements: Bins must be color-coded (trash = gray or black, recycling = blue, organics = green). Either the lid and/or the body of the container must be color-compliant. Existing bins do not need to be replaced until January 1, 2036, but all new bins purchased after January 1, 2022 must be color-compliant.
- Labeling requirements: Bins must be clearly labeled with what can and cannot go inside the bin.
- Annually provide information to all employees, contractors and tenants on waste diversion requirements and how to properly sort recyclables and organic waste into the correct bins.
- Prohibit employees from placing organic waste and recyclables in the wrong bins.
- Periodically inspect trash, recycling and organic waste bins for contamination. If waste collection bins are found to be contaminated, businesses need to inform employees of the requirement to sort waste properly and ensure that proper sorting of waste occurs.

- Provide information to new tenants about their requirements to sort waste properly within 14 days of occupation of the premises.

SB 1383 Self Hauler (including Landscapers) Requirements

- A jurisdiction must adopt an ordinance or a similarly enforceable mechanism if it allows the self-hauling of organic waste by residents, businesses, and landscapers within the jurisdiction.
- If self-hauling is allowed, all self-haulers may either:
 - Separate generated organic waste from non-organic waste on site and haul the organic waste to a solid waste facility operation, activity, or property that processes or recovers the waste; or
 - Collect comingled organic waste onsite and haul it to a high-diversion organic waste processing facility.
 - Businesses that self-haul their organic waste must keep a record of the amount of organic waste delivered to each solid waste facility or activity that recovers it.

Records are subject to inspection by the jurisdiction.

Residents do not need to maintain records.