

Zinc for the Mobility Market

NAATBatt Zinc Battery Workshop II

SAFER – CLEANER – CHEAPER

Michael Burz
President

8 November 2019

EnZine™

EnZinc = developing a nickel zinc battery
based on US NRL technology

Meinrad Machler = Knowledge

Michael Burz = Spelling

Question to answer

Are zinc batteries competitive for the mobility sector?

What Is Mobility?

What part of the Mobility Sector?

Ground based only

Motorized bikes/scooters

Auto-rickshaws

Light duty vehicles

Trucks

Buses

Either ICE or electrified

Why Mobility?



26% of World's Energy

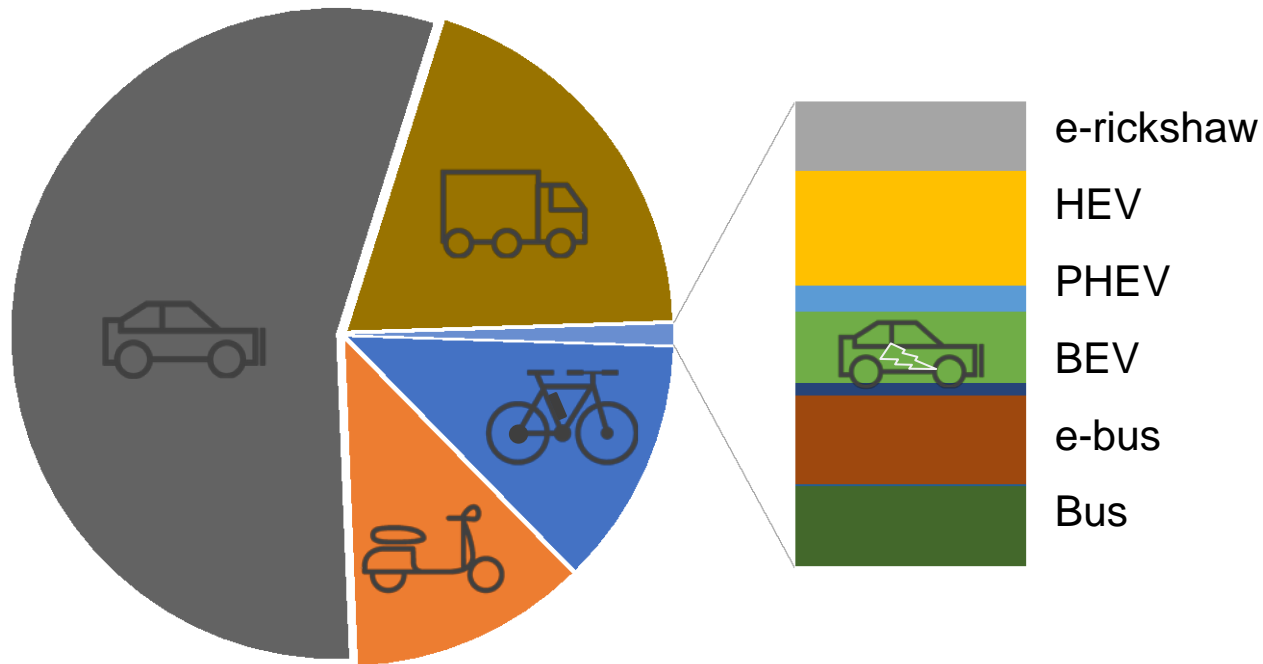
20% of Greenhouse Gases

Source: International Energy Agency (IEA/WTO) and US DoE

How big is this sector?

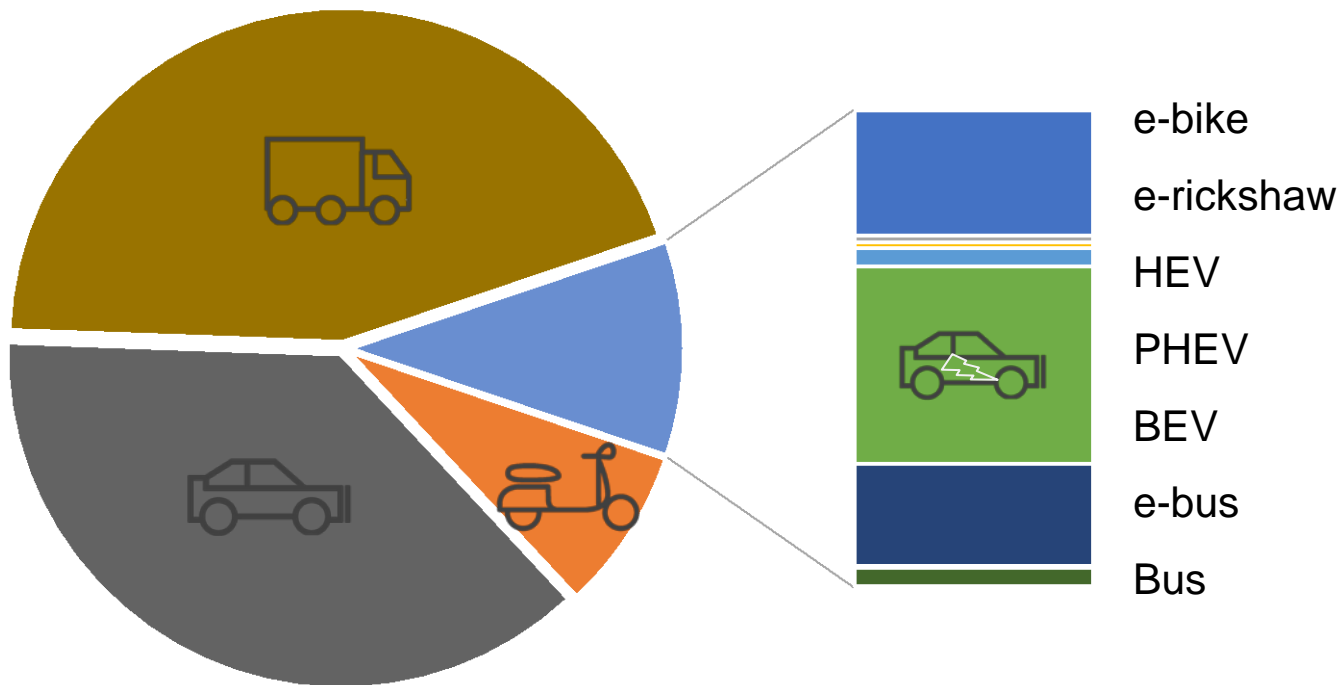
ALL VEHICLES USE SOME SORT OF BATTERY

~ 1.7 bn
total
vehicles



Source: Author's estimates from various sources

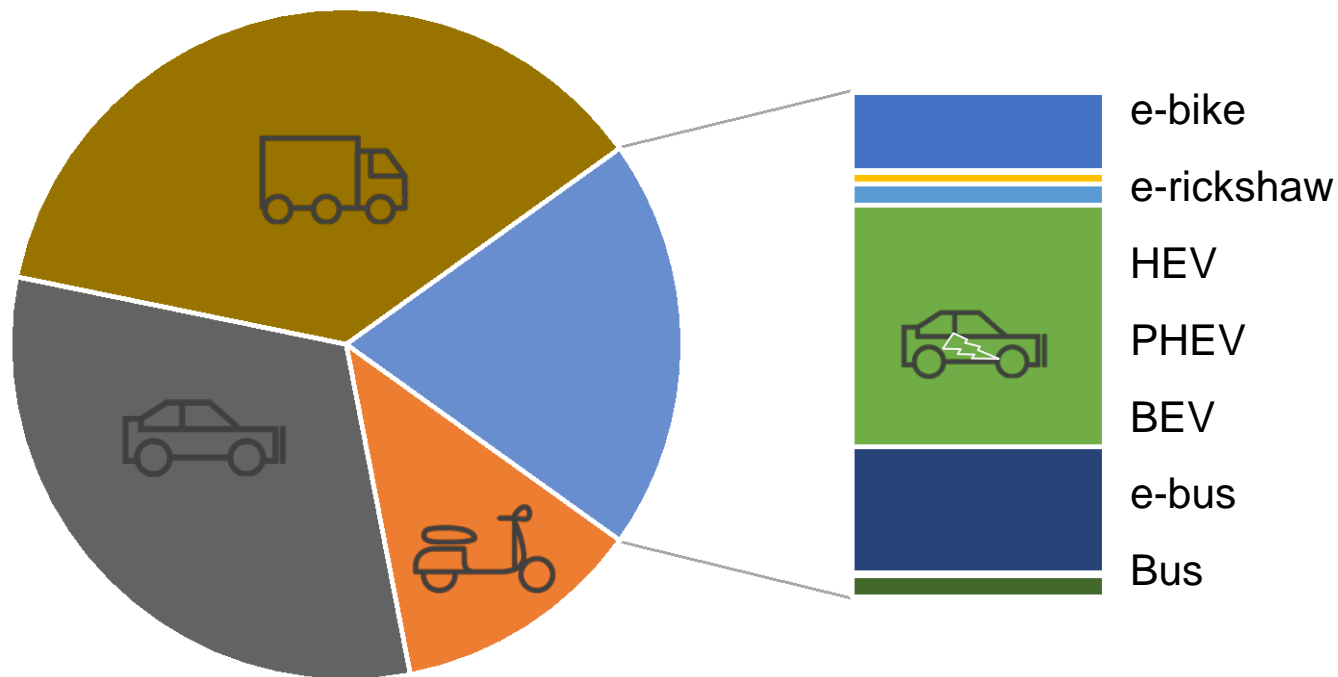
MOST OF
TODAY'S
BATTERY
ENERGY IS IN
TRUCKS AND
CARS
—
~4,000 GWh



Source: Author's estimates from various sources

BUT THE PURE
ELECTRIC
VEHICLES ARE
BEGINNING TO
TAKE A LARGER
SLICE OF VALUE

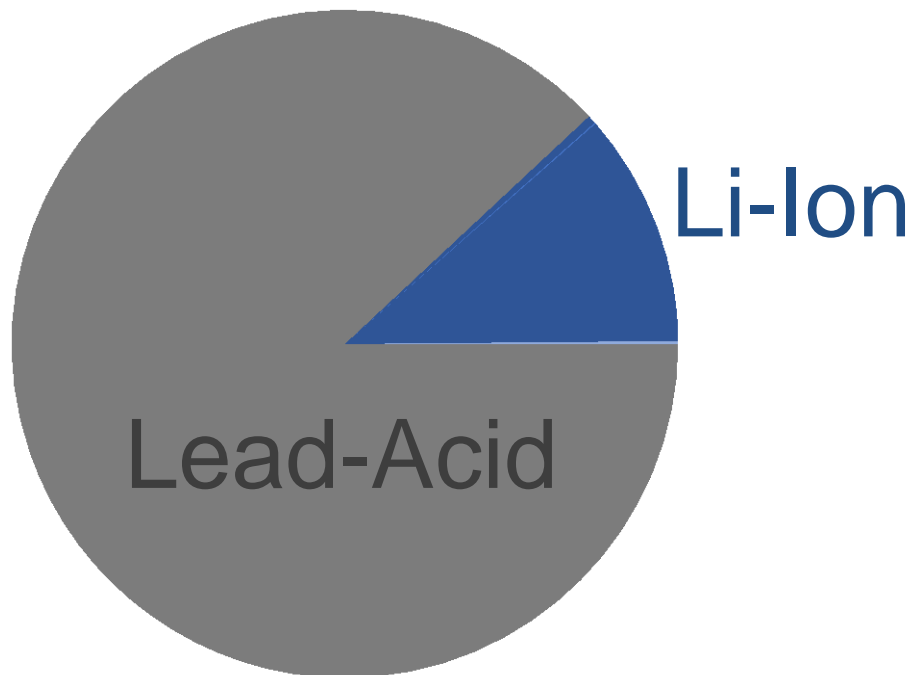
~\$45 Billion



Source: Author's estimates from various sources

LEAD-ACID
DOMINATES THE
MOBILITY
MARKET

For now



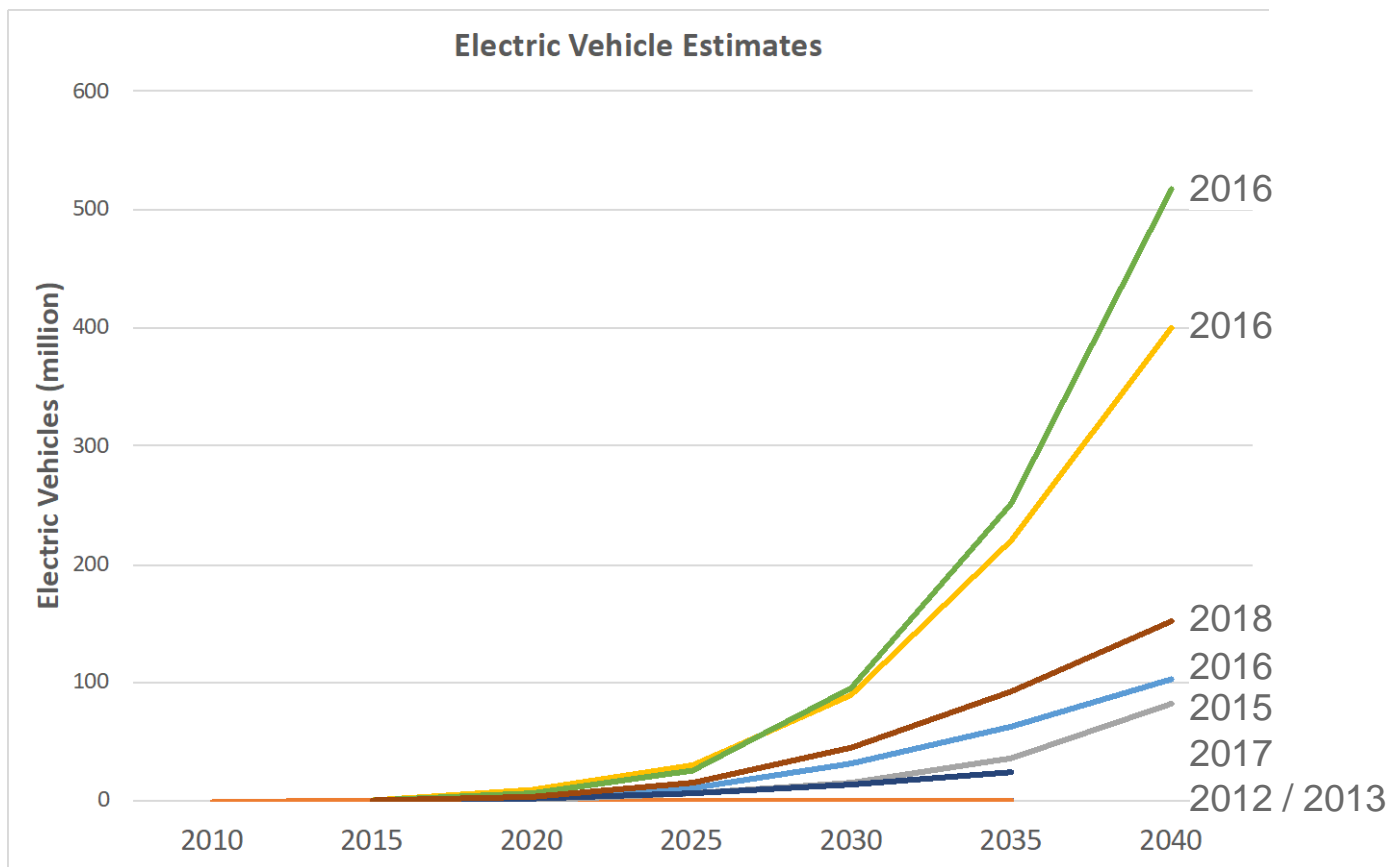
Source: Author's estimates from various sources

Where is the growth?

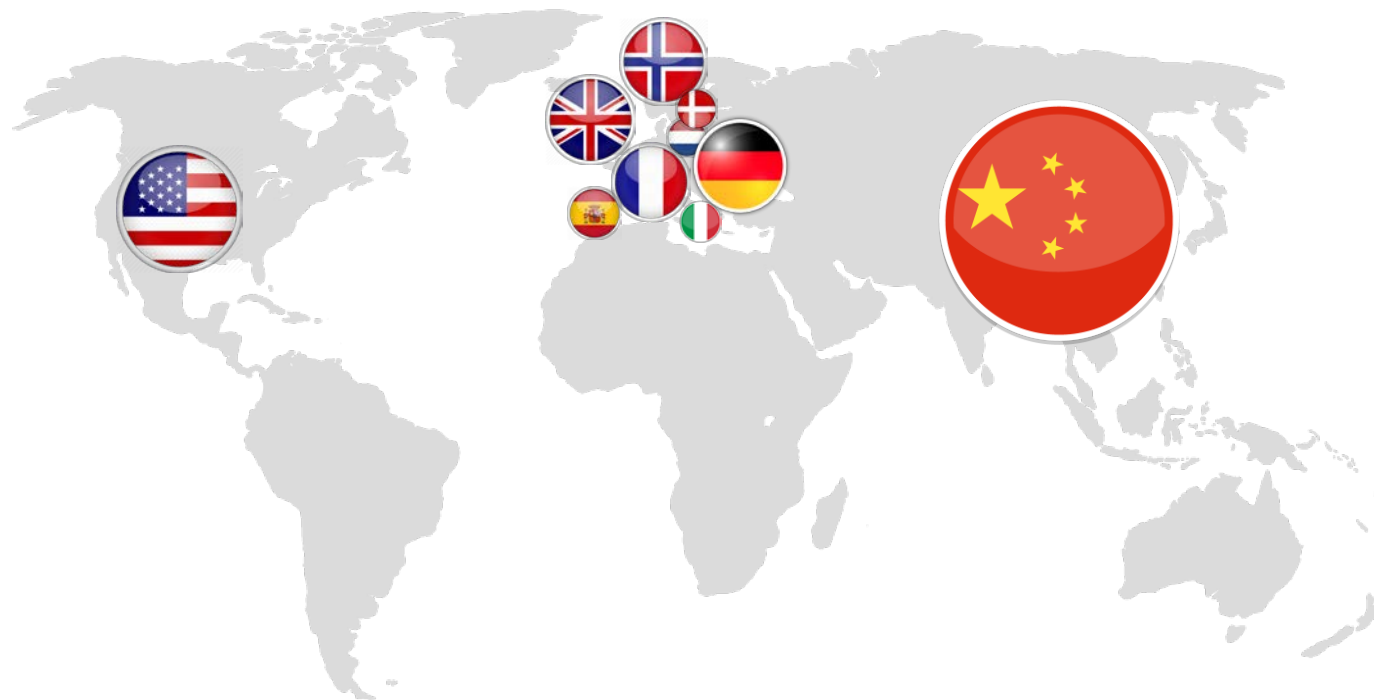
HOW MANY ELECTRIC VEHICLES?

We really
don't know

IER
Bloomberg NEF
Bloomberg/OPEC
Wood Mackenzie



TODAY, EV ADOPTION IS A DEVELOPED WORLD LUXURY



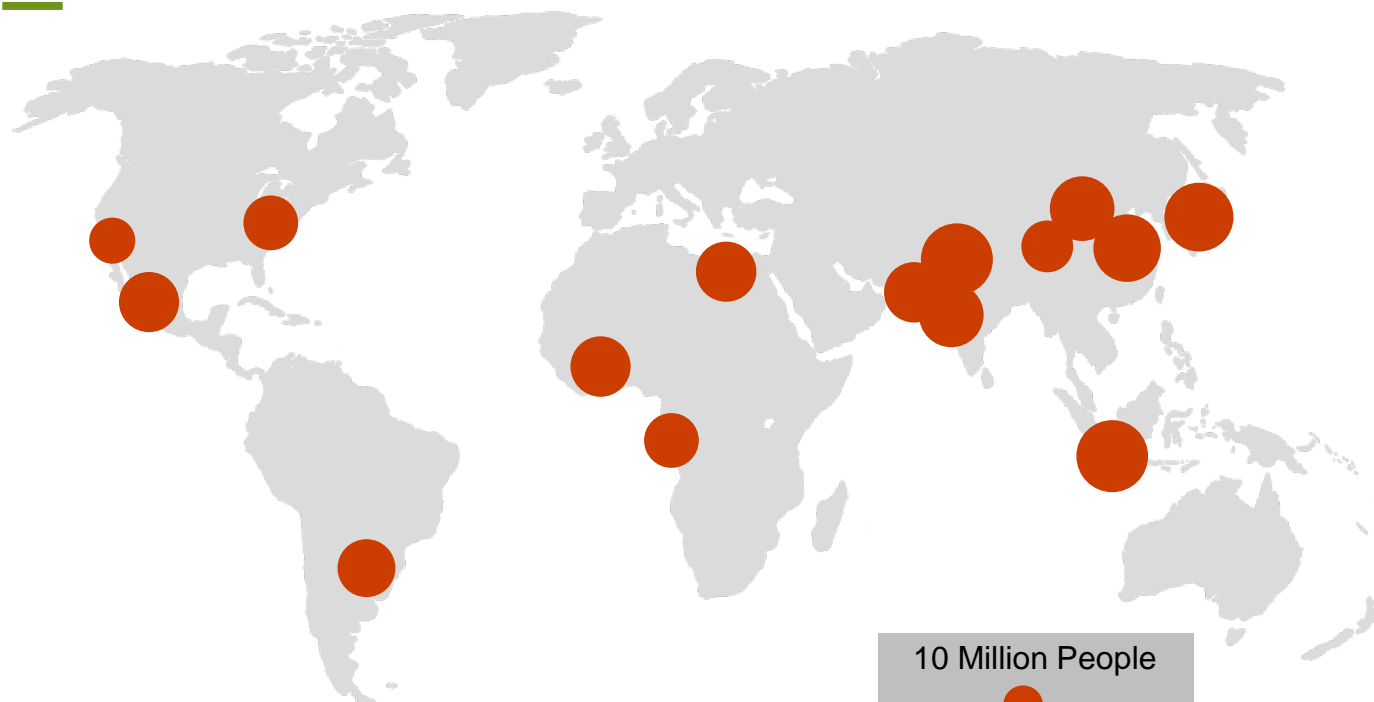
Size of bubble represents number of EVs sold

Sources: RMI Report “Breakthrough Batteries”; October 2019

PERCENT EV PENETRATION

NORWAY	31.2%
CHINA	2.3%
NETHERLANDS	2.0%
UK	1.7%
FRANCE	1.7%
GERMANY	1.6%
USA	1.2%
SPAIN	0.6%
DENMARK	0.5%
ITALY	0.2%

BUT BY 2030 OVER 9% OF WORLD POPULATION WILL LIVE IN MEGACITIES – THAT'S WHERE THE MARKET WILL BE



TOP 10 MEGACITIES BY 2030

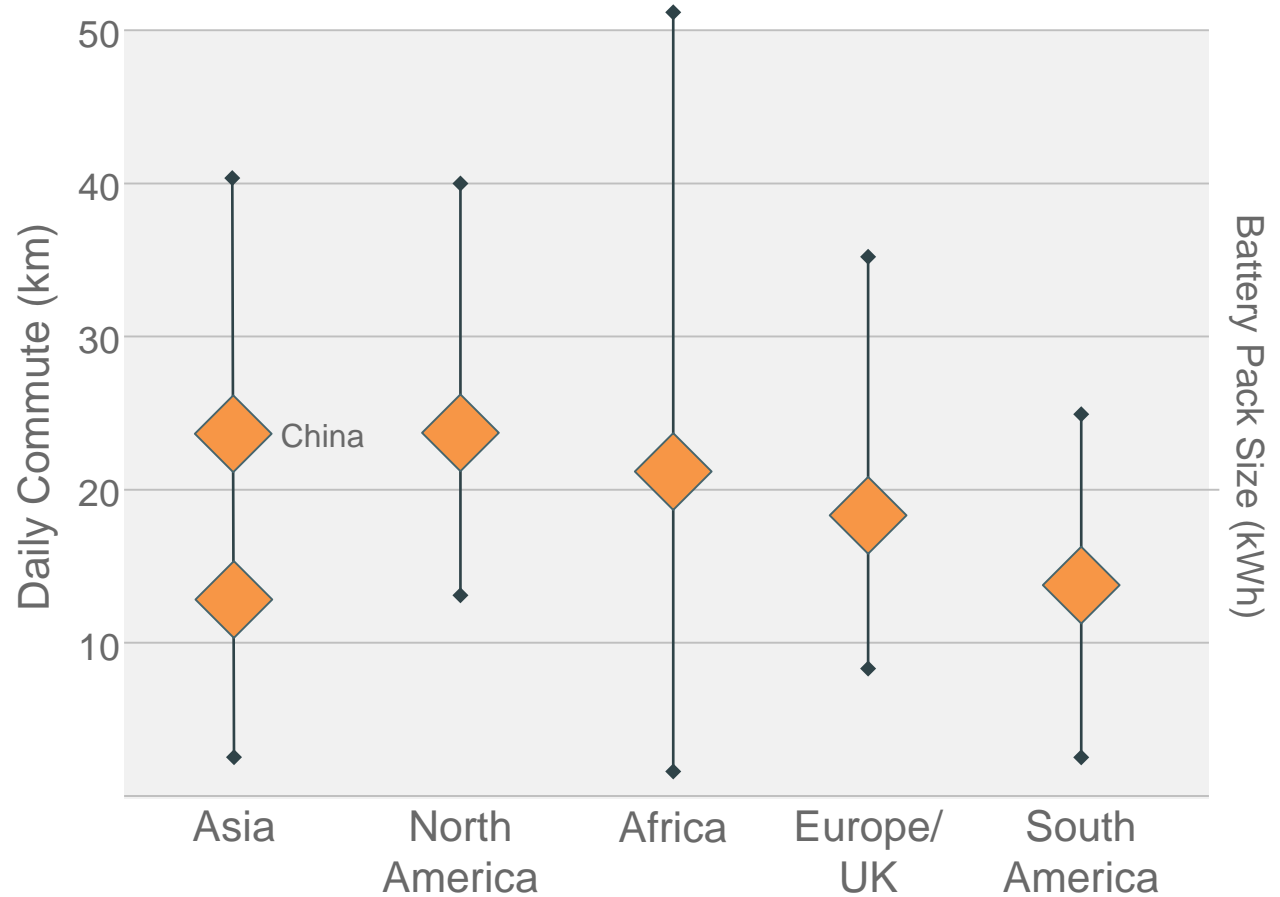
DELHI	39M
TOKYO	37M
SHANGHAI	33M
DHAKA	28M
AL-QAHIRAH	25M
MUMBAI	25M
BEIJING	24M
CIUDAD de MEXICO	24M
SAO PAULO	24M
KINSHASA	22M

Sources: United Nations, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, Population Division (2018). *The World's Cities in 2018—Data Booklet* (ST/ESA/SER.A/417)

AND OVER 60% OF WORLD POPULATION WILL LIVE IN URBAN AREAS BY 2030



WORLDWIDE DAILY COMMUTES ARE SIMILAR



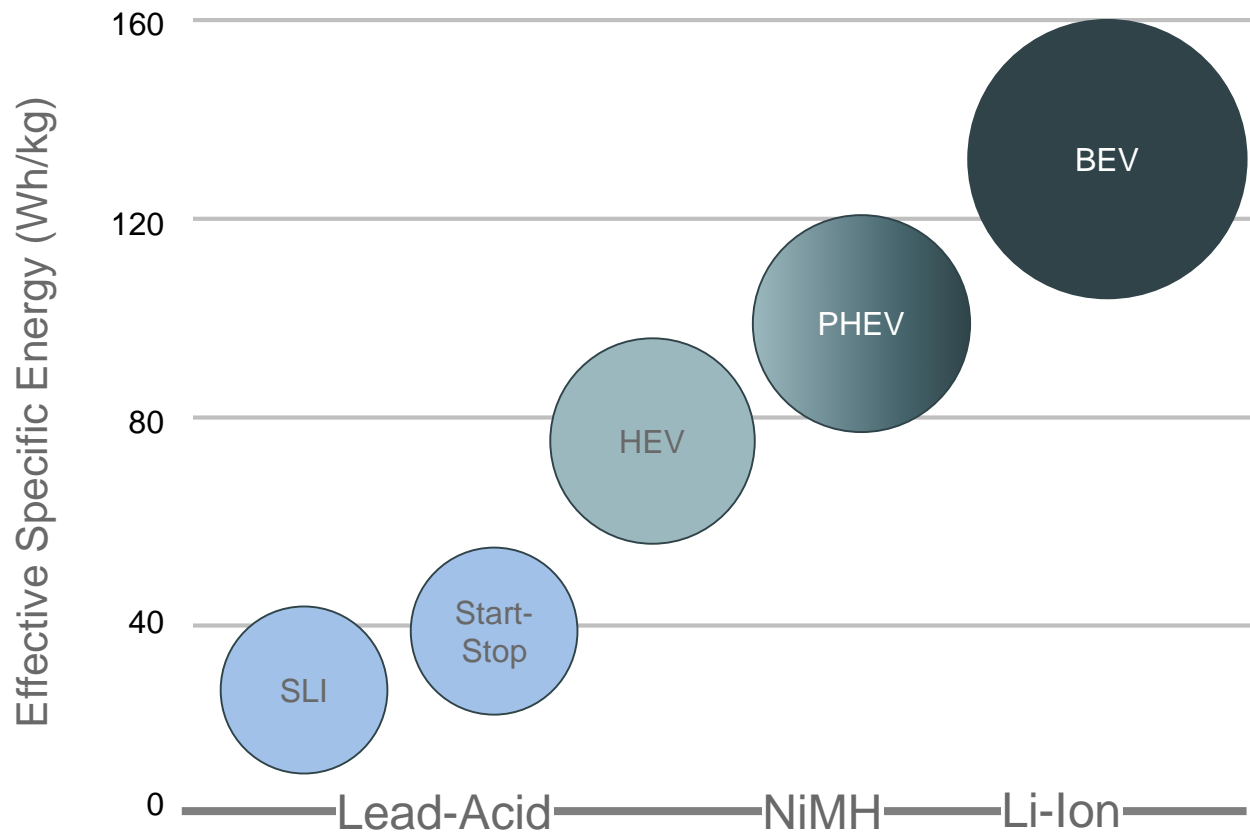
Source: *numbeo.com* survey Jan 2011 to Feb 2014

Transportation, September 2018, Vol 45, Issue 5, pp 1269-1295; "The Impact of urban form on commuting in large Chinese cities"

SO ELECTRIFYING TODAY'S MOST POLLUTING
URBAN VEHICLES IS CRITICAL

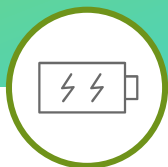


TODAY'S MOBILITY BATTERY CHEMISTRIES



What about zinc?

ZINC HAS ALL THE RIGHT ATTRIBUTES



HIGH ENERGY
HIGH POWER



INEXPENSIVE



SAFE



ABUNDANT



RECYCLABLE

ZINC FOR BATTERIES IS NOT RESOURCE CONSTRAINED

4%



of the world's **annual** zinc
production could deliver batteries
for:



All the cars produced in the
world today, both gas and electric



72 MILLION
gas powered



1 MILLION
EVs






14 MILLION TONS
Worldwide annual zinc

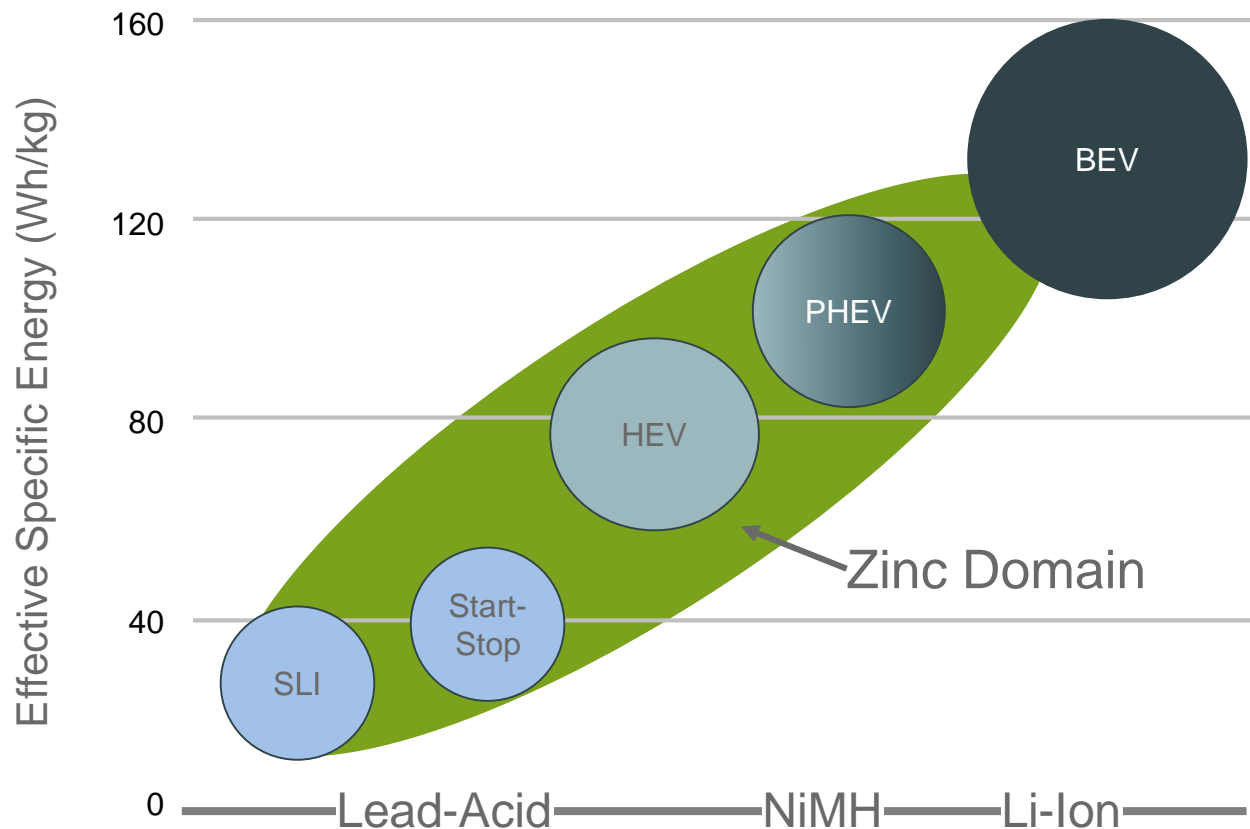
AND UNLIKE LI-ION, ALL ZINC BATTERIES ARE RECYCLABLE

Sources: Author's estimates from various sources

ZINC OFFERS OPTIONS

	INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE	START-STOP	HYBRID, PLUG-IN, ALL ELECTRIC
POWERTRAINS			
BATTERY CATEGORIES	SLI for Lower Vehicle Electrification	Advanced Battery for Moderate Vehicle Electrification	Advanced Battery for High Vehicle Electrification
BATTERY INCUMBENTS	Lead Acid	Advanced Lead Acid Lead Acid + Li-Ion	NiMh Li-Ion
Ni-3D Zn OFFERS	Higher energy Lighter weight	More energy & cycles than PbA Cheaper/safer than Li-Ion	Low/Medium range equivalency while cheaper/safer than Li-Ion

ZINC CAN COVER ALL MOBILITY APPLICATIONS

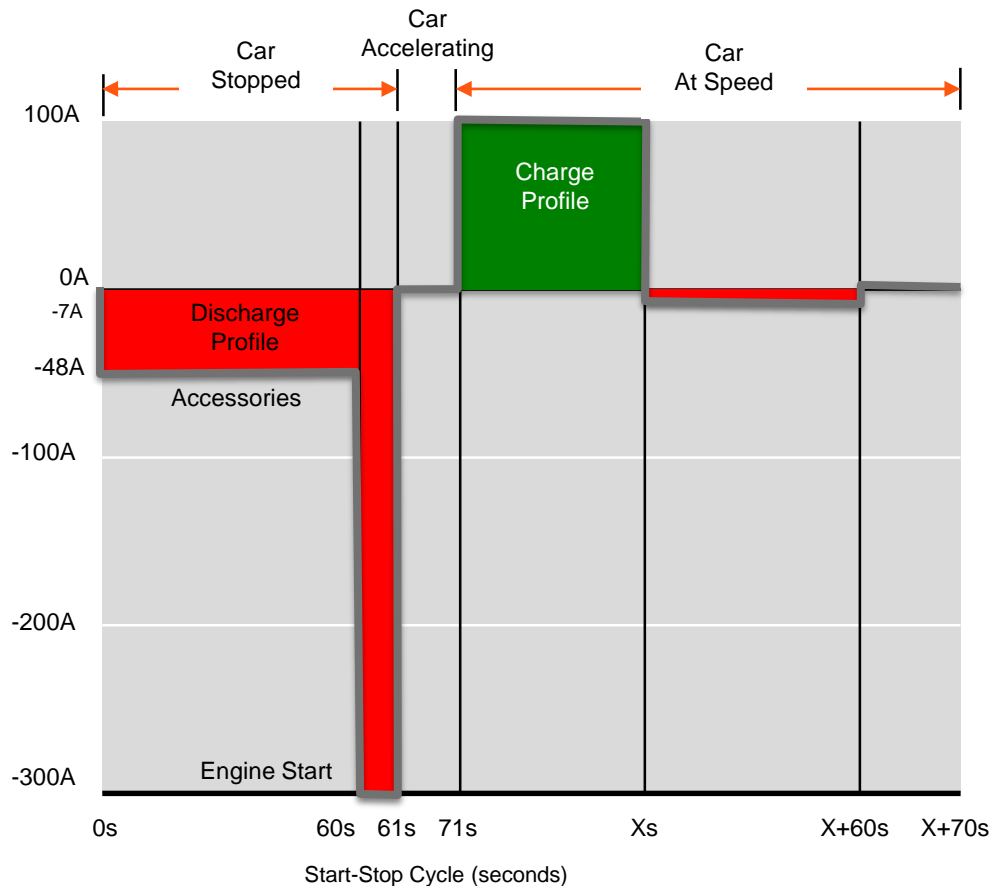


Zinc vs. Lead Acid

Start-Stop

Large Market Obvious Advantages

START-STOP DESIGN REQUIREMENTS



Source: BMW

What's prevented adoption of Zinc for start-stop?

Cycle consistency
Performance consistency
Legacy entrenchment

Zinc vs. Li-Ion

Li-Ion has momentum

Entrenched chemistry

Established testing and supply chain

Performance advantages

Lots of R&D

**But not
without
vulnerabilities**

Safety

Cost

Recycling

Resource constraints

Supply chain

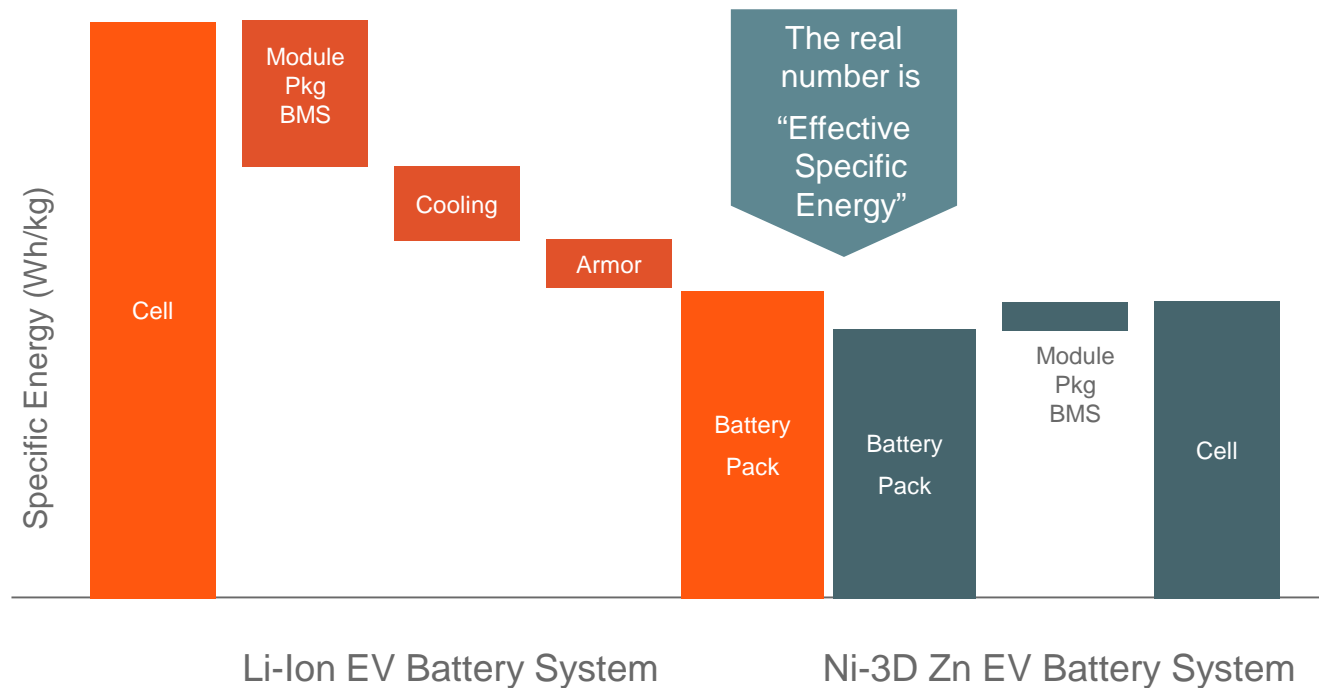
Let's look at performance

Specific energy vs
Effective specific energy

Zinc needs a specific
energy of $>120 \text{ Wh/kg}$

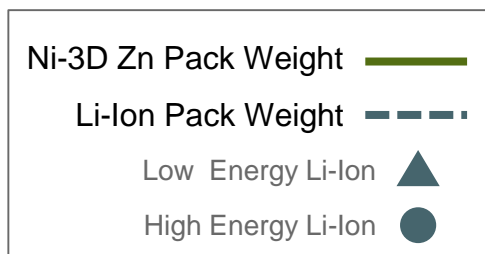
"EFFECTIVE SPECIFIC ENERGY"

Takes all the
subsystems into
account

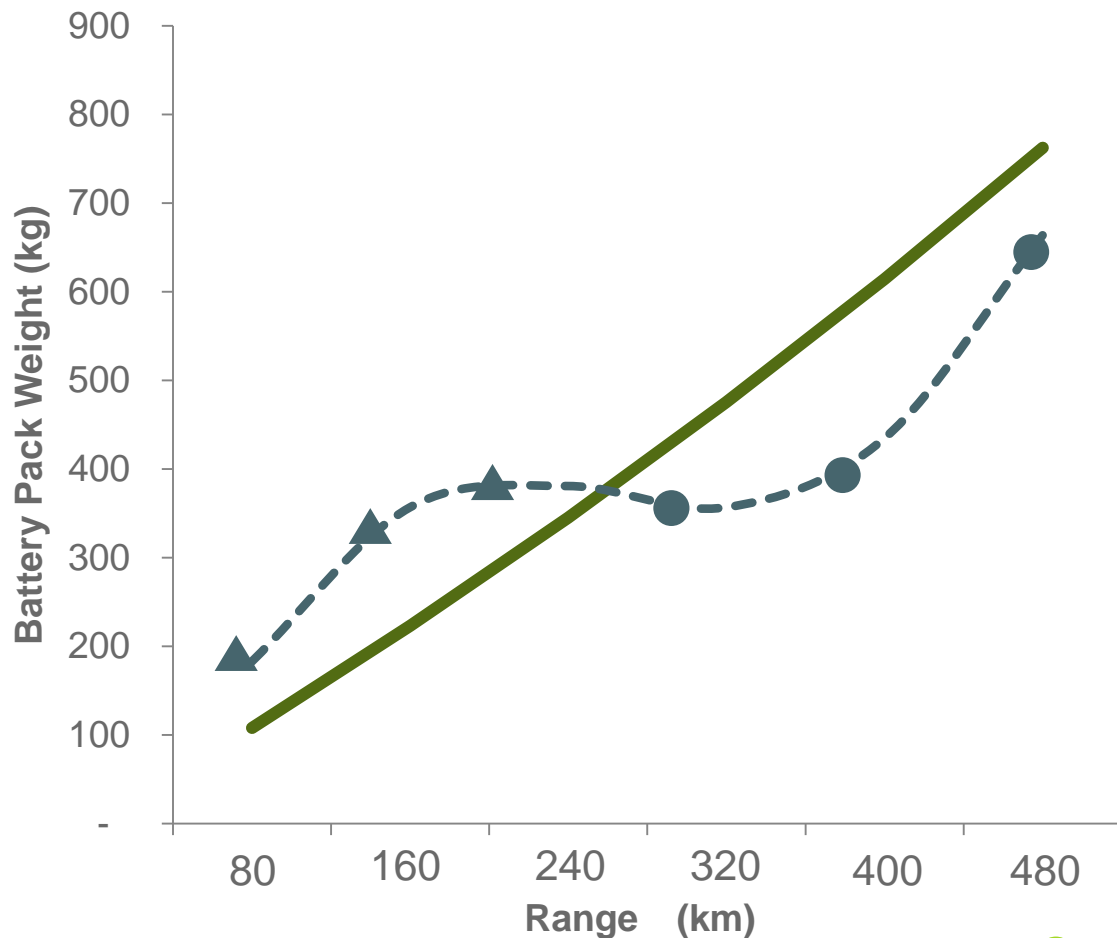


3D ZINC FOR MEDIUM RANGE EV

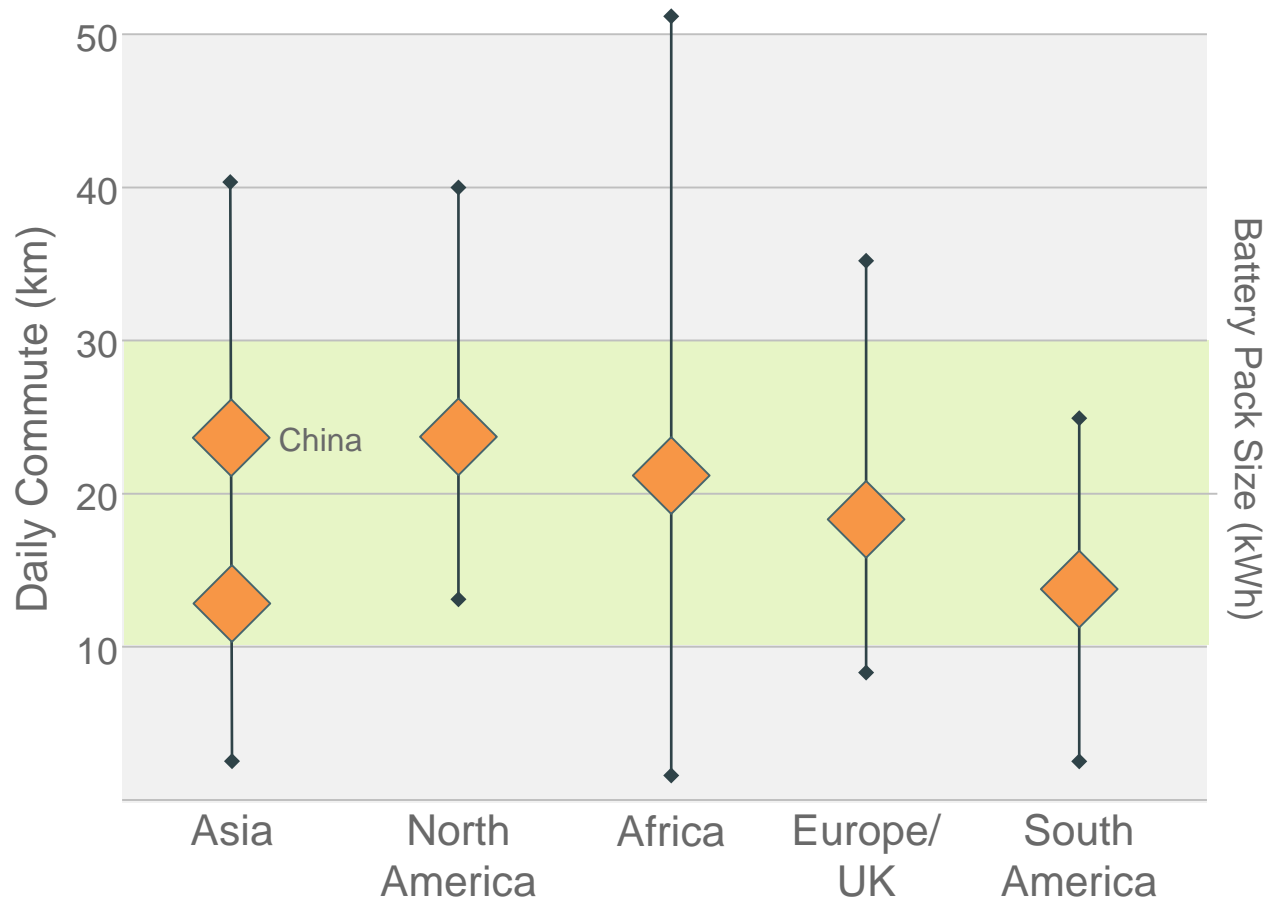
3D zinc is
equivalent on
range but at
half the cost



Source: Author's estimates from various sources



NI-ZN BATTERY CAN FULFILL MOST OF THE WORLD'S DRIVING REQUIREMENTS



Source: numbeo.com survey Jan 2011 to Feb 2014

Transportation, September 2018, Vol 45, Issue 5, pp 1269-1295; "The Impact of urban form on commuting in large Chinese cities"

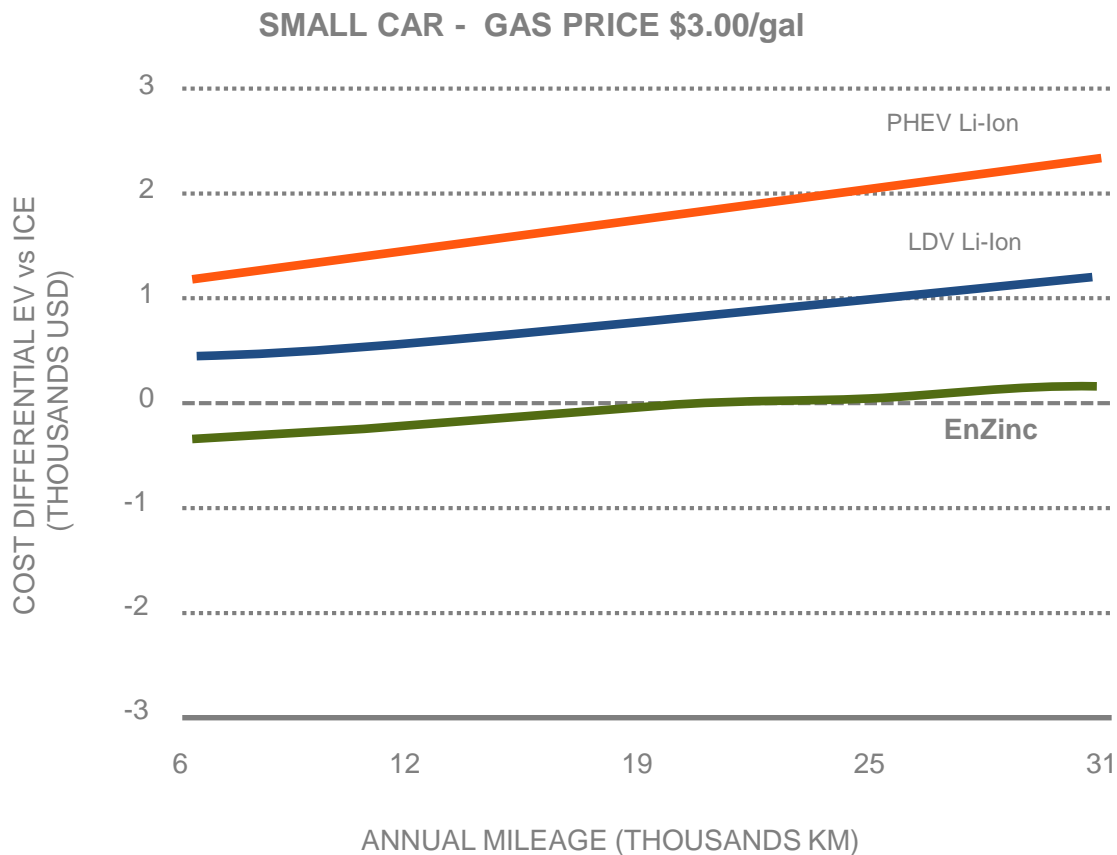
UNITI ONE URBAN EV

150km to 300km
12kWh to 24 kWh
\$23,000



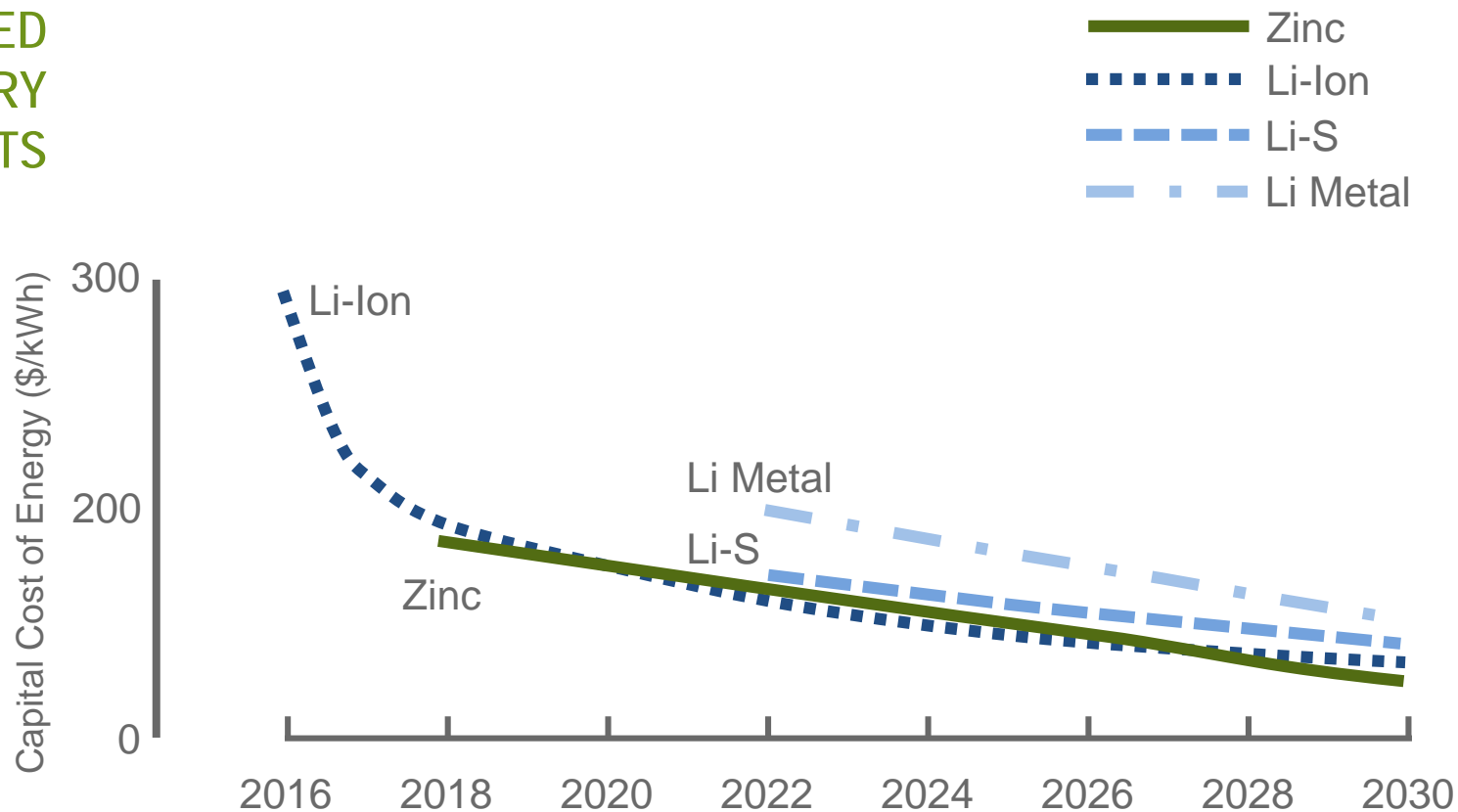
Source: Company brochure

TCO ADVANTAGE OF ENZINC BATTERY



Source: IEA analysis based on ANL (2018a)

RMI PROJECTED FUTURE BATTERY COSTS



Source: RMI Report, "Breakthrough Batteries, Powering the Era of Clean Electrification; Oct 2019

**So is zinc
attractive for the
mobility market?**

Depends

Against Lead-acid
Absolutely

Need to overcome legacy

Depends

Against Li-Ion?
A challenge

Improve specific energy
Lots of testing

ZINC BATTERY PERFECT FOR URBAN ELECTRIC VEHICLES



e-bikes/scooters



e-rickshaws



Urban Electric Vehicle/Vans/Bus

Zinc batteries can:

Replace Lead Acid
Compete with Li-Ion
and be
Safer
Cheaper
Recyclable