

## Perspectives on regulation



















### The Professional Standards Authority

Quis custodiet ipsos custodes?







## Strategic Plan

2023-26

#### Vision:

Safer care for all through high standards of conduct and competence in health and social care professionals.

#### Mission:

To protect patients, service users and the public by improving the regulation and registration of health and social care professionals.



## What is a professional?

- A person in a specialized job role that requires specific knowledge, skills or expertise.
- Requires: formal education/training (qualifications); demonstration of competency; code of conduct.
- Characterized by: willingness to learn; conscientiousness; accountability; interpersonal skills; integrity.
- High standards of Competency and Conduct (equally important) so don't need regulating.



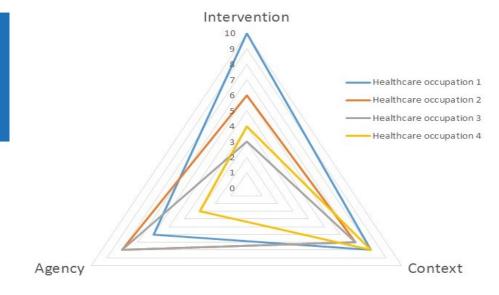
## Which professions need regulating?



Closed consultation

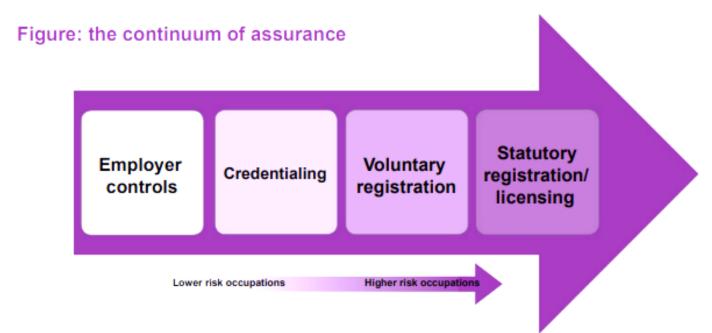
Healthcare regulation: deciding when statutory regulation is appropriate

Published 6 January 2022





## A range of regulatory approaches



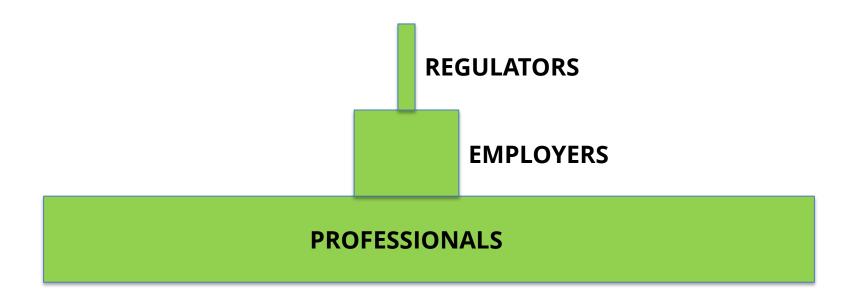


## Collaborating for public protection





#### Lines of defence





#### The standard model

Registration

Vigilance

(Enforcement)



### Whack-A-Mole



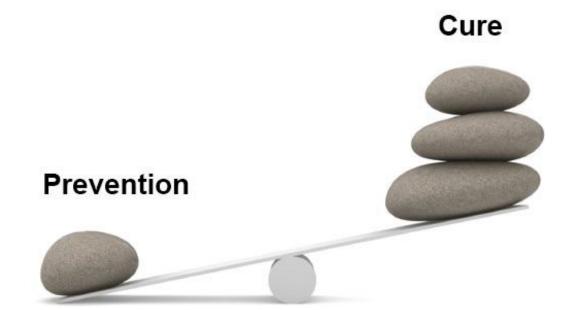


#### The standard model v2

- Registration
- Post-registration continuing professional development
- Information, advice and guidance to support high standards and compliance
- Vigilance
- (Enforcement)

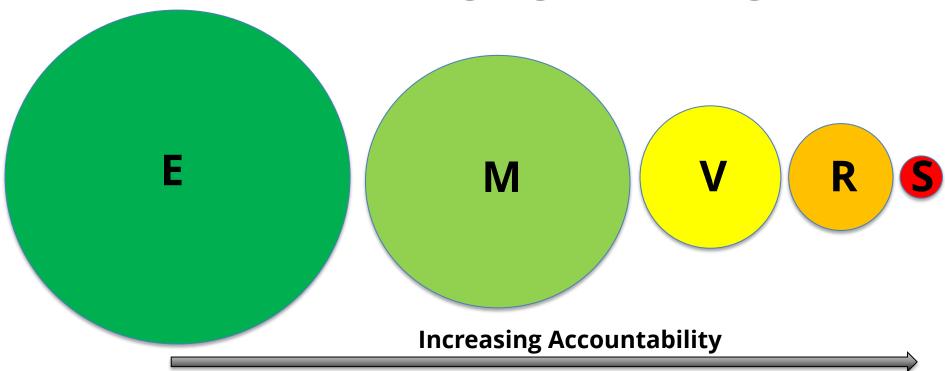


#### Prevention is better than cure





## When things go wrong





## When things go wrong

Malicious intent? A conscious and substantial and unjustifiable disregard for risk? RECKLESSNESS NO Rules intentionally VIOLATION (\*) broken? NO NO Action intended? **ERROR** YES **MISTAKE** 













## Drivers for regulatory change ....

- Technology
- Environment
- Innovation
- Economic growth
- Professional practice
- Societal norms and expectations
- We don't need more regulation, just better regulation



#### A kinder model

International Journal for Quality in Health Care, 2022, **34(3)**, 1–2 DOI: https://doi.org/10.1093/intqhc/mzac057 Advance Access Publication Date: 23 June 2022

Perspective



## Finding space for kindness: public protection and health professional regulation

SUSAN BIGGAR<sup>1</sup>, MARTIN FLETCHER<sup>1</sup>, ANNA VAN DER GAAG<sup>2</sup>, and ZUBIN AUSTIN<sup>3</sup>



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Australian Health Practitioner Regulation Agency, 111 Bourke Street, Melbourne, VIC 3000, Australia

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>School of Health Sciences, University of Surrey, Priestley Road, Guildford, Surrey GU2 7YS, UK

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Institute of Health Policy, Management and Evaluation, University of Toronto, 155 College Street, Toronto, ON M5T 3M6, Canada

## Reducing the fear of regulation





# Moving away from the standard model – *refocusing* regulation

- Don't use it unless you really have to.
- Keep the basics: robust registration; effective vigilance (and use it for *learning* as well as compliance); and proportionate enforcement for violations/recklessness [10%].
- Focus the vast majority of time, effort and resources 'upstream' on initial training, CPD and IAG to support professionals in meeting high standards of competence and conduct [90%].

# Moving away from the standard model – *refocusing* regulation

- Engage with all stakeholders on the same team of public protection to enhance effectiveness; and influence system changes where these are needed.
- Practice compassionate regulation to: support professional wellbeing; reduce fear and defensive practise; promote positive workplace cultures – more speaking, listening, learning and action – better outcomes for all.

## Professionals don't need regulating

- 99% of professionals don't need a compliance and enforcement model of regulation (negative regulation).
- We need less regulation; and we need to shift towards preventative regulation, characterized by guidance, learning, cooperation, compassion and focus on outcomes (positive regulation).
- It's time to change how we regulate.



- Do professionals need regulating? No no issues with competence or conduct (although can benefit from positive regulation).
- Do professions need regulating? Only some those that present the greatest risk of harm (with a regulatory approach proportionate to risk). Use a continuum of assurance and work in collaboration with others to keep people safe.



- So we do need to regulate some professionals? Yes – because we don't know who is professional (99%) and who is not (1%); the regulatory approach should not be based on the 1%.
- What do we regulate? Not errors or mistakes (unless repeated/multiple); regulate violations (taking into account context) and recklessness; use the enforcement 'stick' sparingly but robustly for violations/recklessness with no valid excuses, and for sabotage.



How do we regulate? A positive and preventative approach; education, training, IAG to support high standards; responsive to changes in our environments; in a kind and compassionate way that: emphasizes learning; reduces fear; and supports speaking up and collaboration to address problems.



If we regulate the <u>right</u> professions and the <u>right</u> behaviours in the <u>right</u> way .....

.... then we make a much bigger contribution to improving services and protecting the public.



### A final word ....







