# Economic & Banking Conditions

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Presented by: Judy Plock, Sr. Financial Analyst, juplock@fdic.gov <u>Division of Ins</u>urance and Research, San Francisco Region



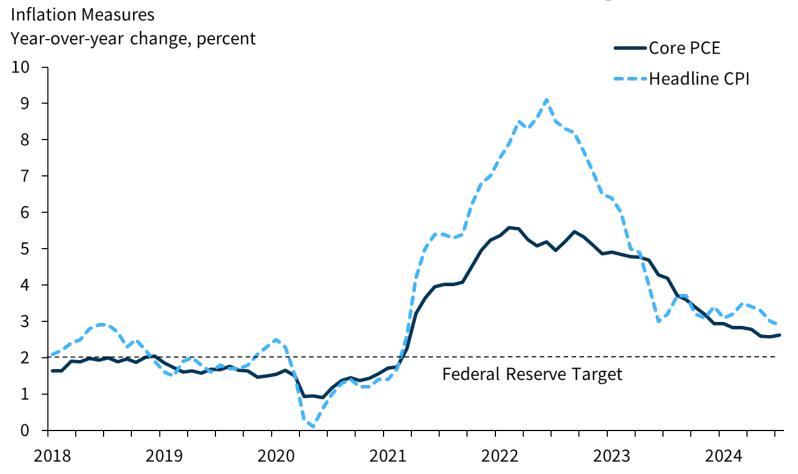
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## **Economic Conditions**

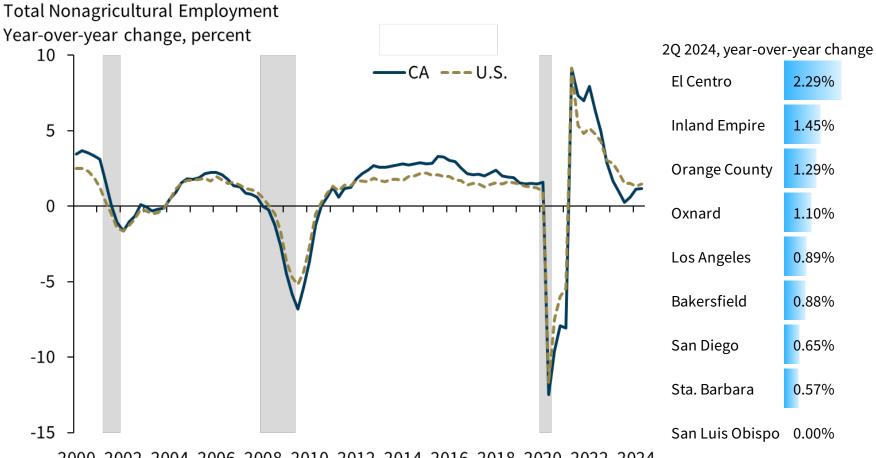


#### Inflation Rate Has Eased From its 2022 Peak but Remains Above Target



Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis, Bureau of Labor Statistics (Haver Analytics). Note: Data are monthly figures for core personal consumption expenditures (PCE) and headline consumer price index (CPI) through July 2024. Core PCE excludes volatile categories of food and energy.

#### Employment Growth Has Been Ticking Upward in Much of Southern California



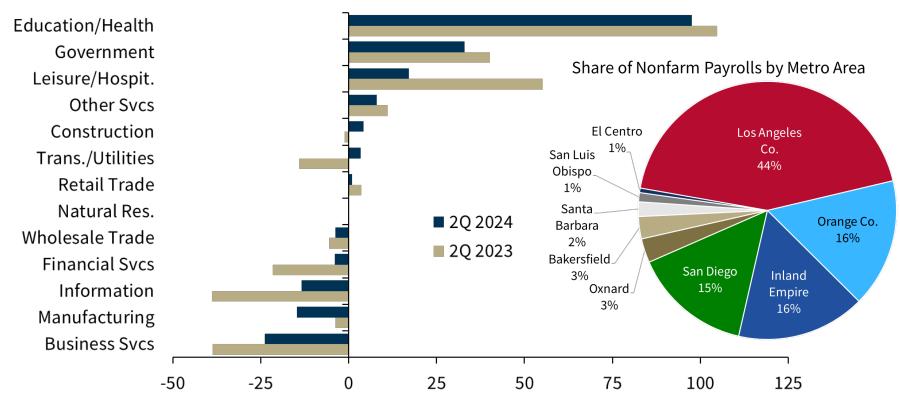
2000 2002 2004 2006 2008 2010 2012 2014 2016 2018 2020 2022 2024

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics (Haver Analytics).

Note: Data are non-seasonally adjusted quarterly averages through second quarter 2024. Shading denotes recessions.

#### Growth Has Been Uneven Across Southern California's Job Sectors

Southern California Job Growth Year-over-year change, thousands



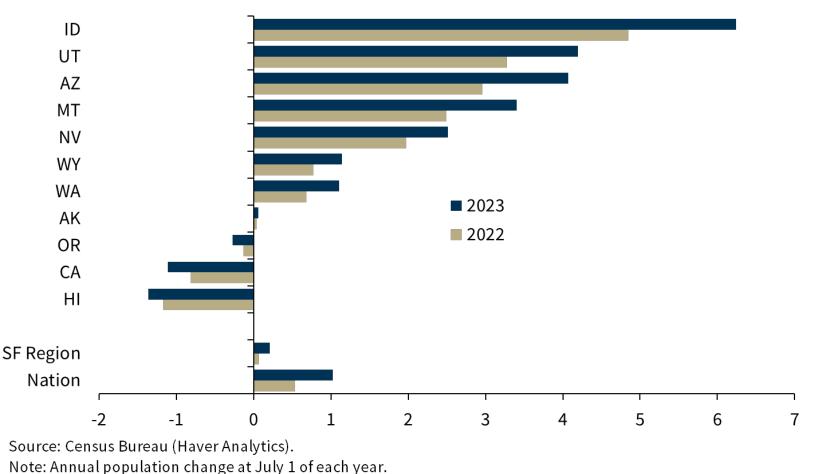
Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics (Haver Analytics).

Note: Southern California includes Los Angeles and Orange County metro divisions plus Bakersfield, El Centro, Inland Empire, Oxnard, San Diego, San Luis Obispo, and Santa Barbara metro areas. Natural resource employment in El Centro and San Luis Obispo aggregated into construction sector data.

#### Population Growth in California Has Been Comparatively Weak

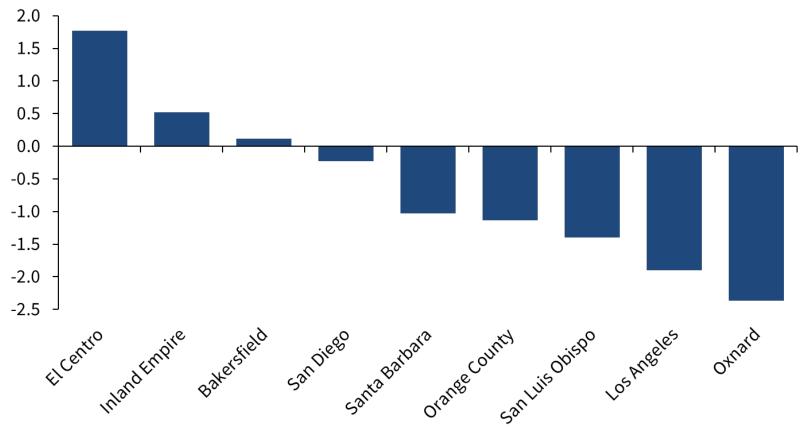
Population

Cumulative percent change from 2020



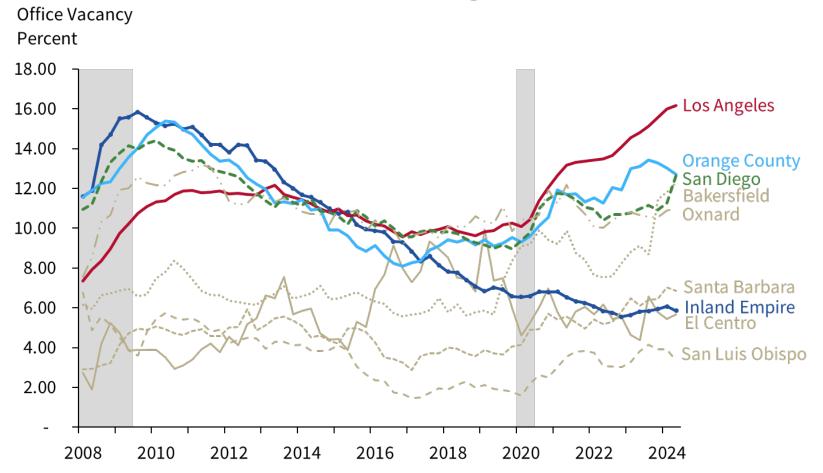
#### Cumulative Outflows in Southern CA Have Been More Notable in Coastal Counties

Cumulative Change in Population From April 1, 2020 to January 1, 2024 Percent



Sources: California Department of Finance. Note: Data shows population at January 1, 2024 compared to the level at April 1, 2020. Los Angeles and Orange County are metro divisions, while others are metro areas.

#### Office Vacancies Have Trended Upward, Particularly in Los Angeles



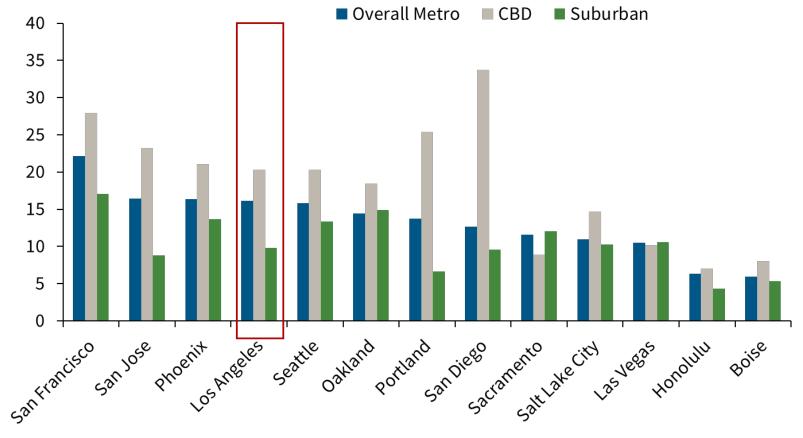
Source: CoStar.

Note: Data are quarterly figures through second quarter 2024. Los Angeles and Orange County are metro divisions; all others are metro areas. Shaded periods represent recessions.

#### Central Business District Office Vacancy Usually Exceeds Suburban Levels

Office Vacancy

Percent

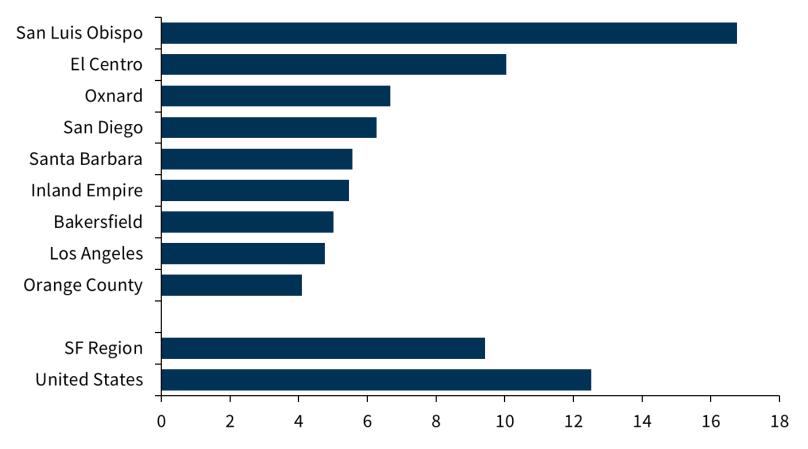


#### Source: Costar.

Note: Data are quarterly office vacancy rates as of second quarter 2024 for metros and their central business district (CBD) and suburban office segments.

#### Some So. California Metros Had Notable Multifamily Construction Since 2019

Multifamily Completions Since 4Q19 Percent of 4Q19 stock

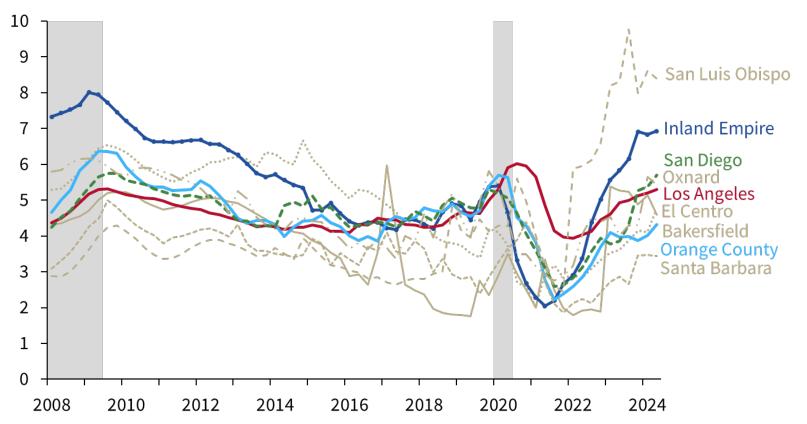


Source: CoStar.

Note: Data as of second quarter 2024. San Francisco Region data is aggregation of its 42 major metros.

#### Multifamily Vacancies Increasing Among Most Southern California Metros

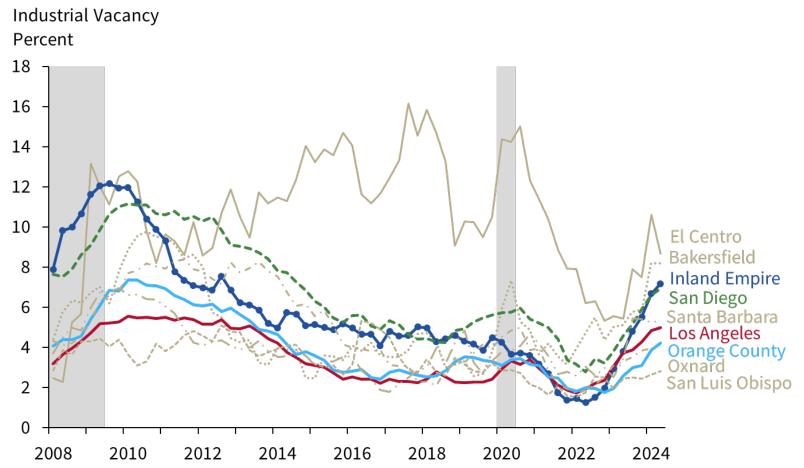
Multifamily Vacancy Percent



Source: CoStar.

Note: Data are quarterly figures through second quarter 2024. Los Angeles and Orange County are metro divisions; all others are metro areas. Shaded periods represent recessions.

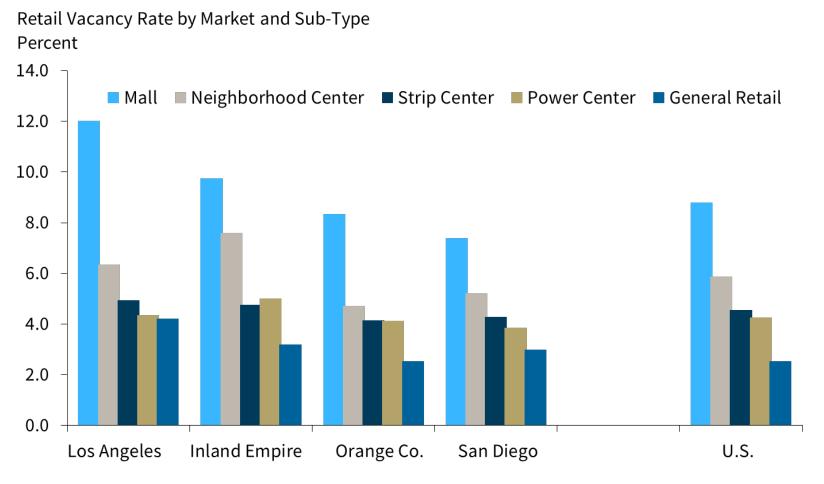
#### Industrial Vacancies Are Increasing, but Generally Trail 2009/2010 Peaks



#### Source: CoStar.

Note: Data are quarterly figures through second quarter 2024. Los Angeles and Orange County are metro divisions; all others are metro areas. Shaded periods represent recessions.

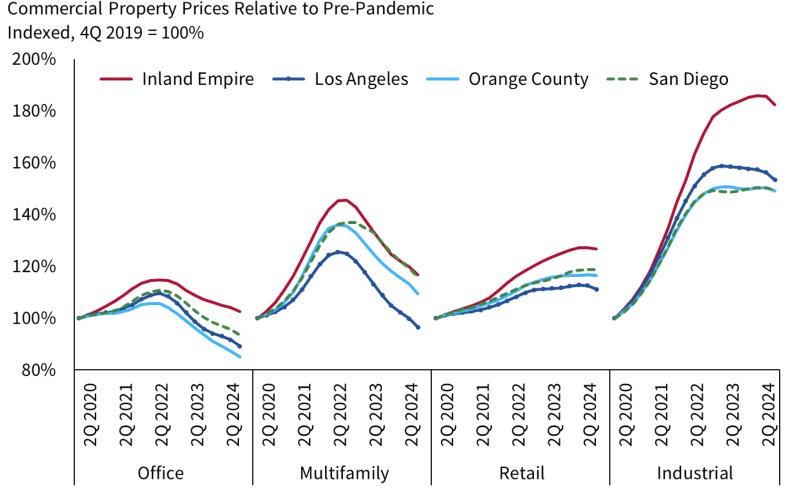
### Among Retail Properties, Malls Have Been Struggling More Than Other Types



Source: CoStar.

Note: Data are as of second quarter 2024.

#### Office and Multifamily Property Prices Have Declined From Recent Peaks



#### Source: CoStar.

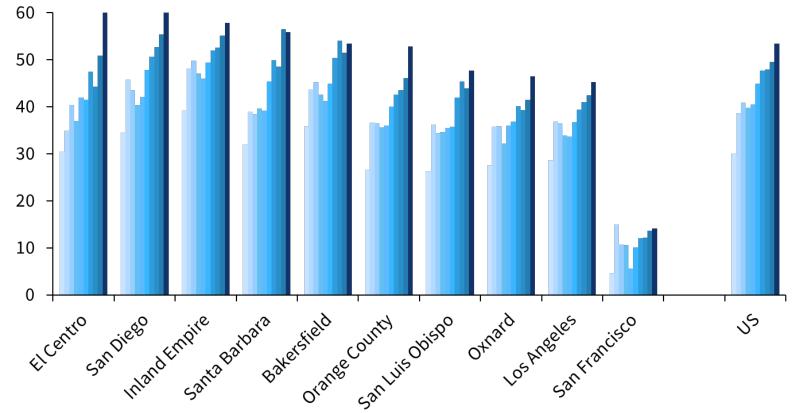
Note: Data are quarterly figures through second quarter 2024.

### Southern California Home Prices Have Recovered Since Dipping in 2022/2023

House Price Index

Cumulative change from 4Q 2019, percent

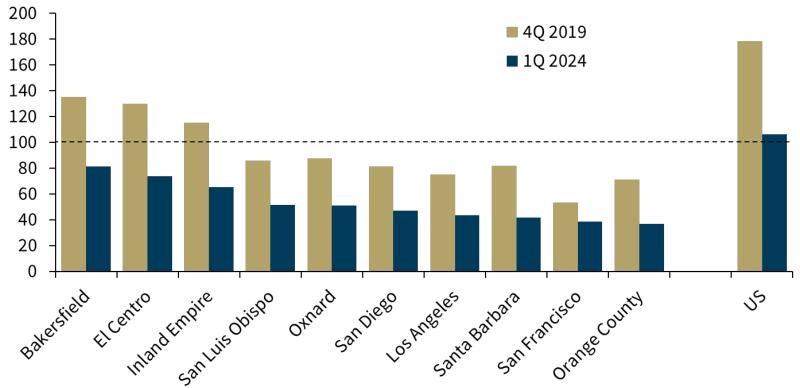
■ 1Q 2022 ■ 2Q 2024



Source: Federal Housing Finance Agency (Haver Analytics). Note: Data are quarterly, non-seasonally adjusted, all-transactions price indexes. Los Angeles, Orange County, and San Francisco are metro divisions, while others are metro areas.

# Price Increases Have Come at the Expense of Affordability

Housing Affordability Index



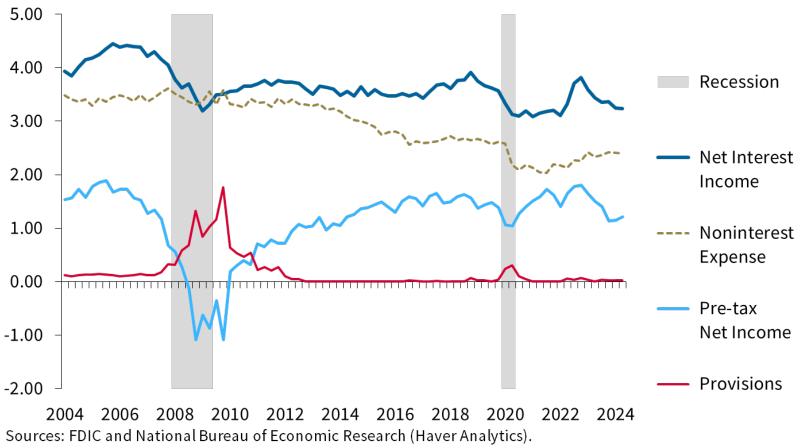
Sources: Moody's Analytics and National Association of Realtors.

Note: The Housing Affordability Index (HAI) is a measure of the degree to which a typical middle-income family can afford the mortgage payments on a typical home in the specified quarter based on income, home prices and mortgage rates. An index of 100 indicates exactly enough income to qualify for a typical mortgage on a median-priced single-family home. Los Angeles, Orange County, and San Francisco are metro divisions, while others are metro areas.

## **Banking Conditions**

#### Quarterly Net Interest Income Ratios Stabilized and Overhead Ratios Moderated

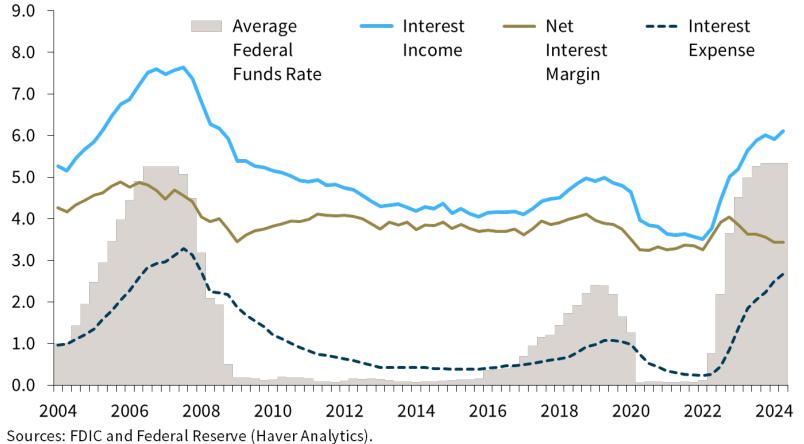
One-Quarter Annualized as Share of Average Assets, Southern California Banks Median percent



Note: Data are quarterly through second quarter 2024 and are limited to banks based in ten continguous Southern California counties. Pre-tax return on average assets (ROAA) = pre-tax net income / average assets.

### Quarterly Yields Improved During Second Quarter, Nearly Offsetting Funding Costs

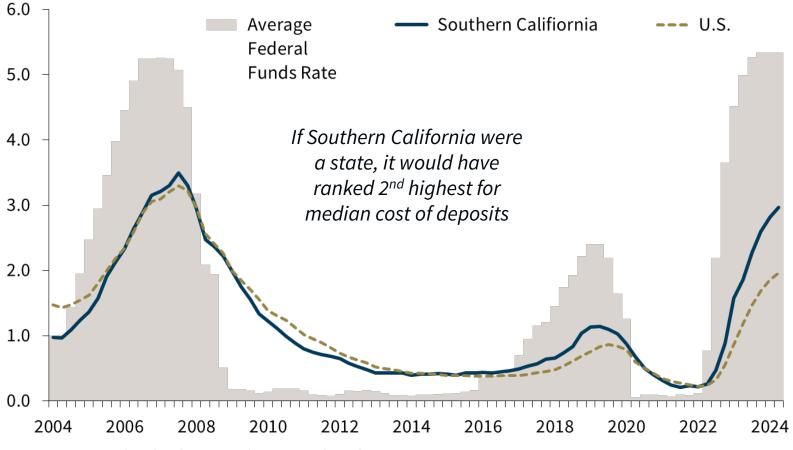
One-Quarter Annualized as Share of Average Earning Assets, Southern California Banks Median percent



Note: Data are quarterly through second quarter 2024 and are limited to banks based in ten continguous Southern California counties.

#### Deposit Competition has Been Stiff in Southern California

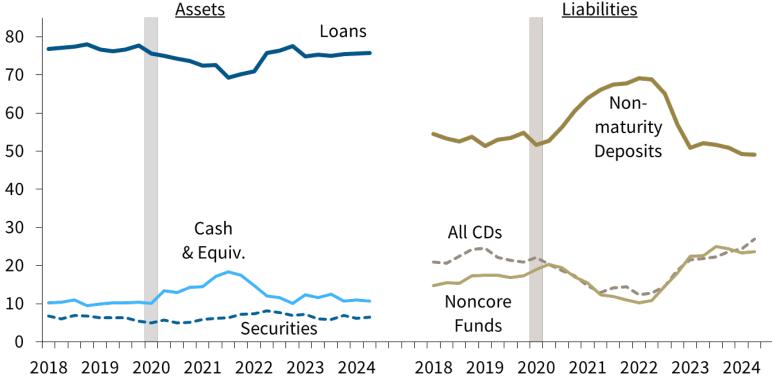
One-Quarter Annualized Interest Expense on Deposits / Average Deposits Median percent



Sources: FDIC and Federal Reserve (Haver Analytics). Note: Data are quarterly through second quarter 2024. Southern California includes ten continguous counties.

#### Assets Tilt Heavily Towards Loans; Costlier Funding Sources Growing

Share of Total Assets, Southern California Banks Median percent

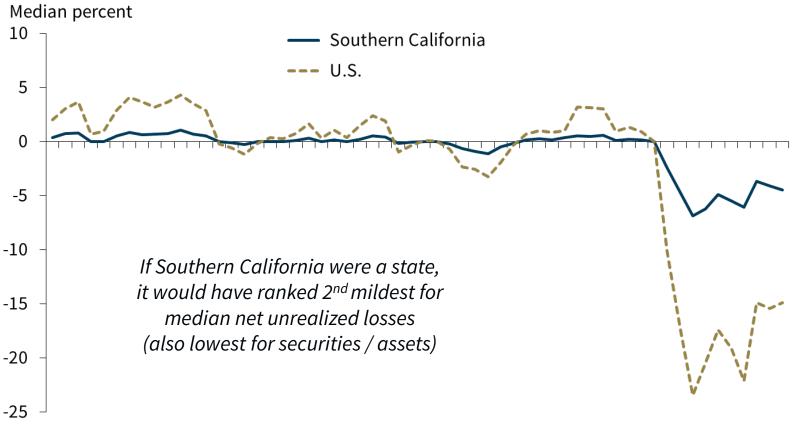


Source: FDIC.

Note: Data are quarterly through second quarter 2024 and are limited to banks based in ten continguous Southern California counties. Shading = pandemic onset. Cash and equivalents = cash, due from, federal funds sold, and reverse repos; noncore = certificates of deposit (CD) > \$250K, smaller brokered accounts, foreign deposits, federal funds purchased and repos, and borrowings; nonmaturity deposits (NMDs) includes all deposits other than CDs.

#### Unrealized Bond Losses Remained a Headwind but Not as Much as Elsewhere

Pre-Tax Net Unrealized Gains or Losses on Securities / Tier 1 Capital

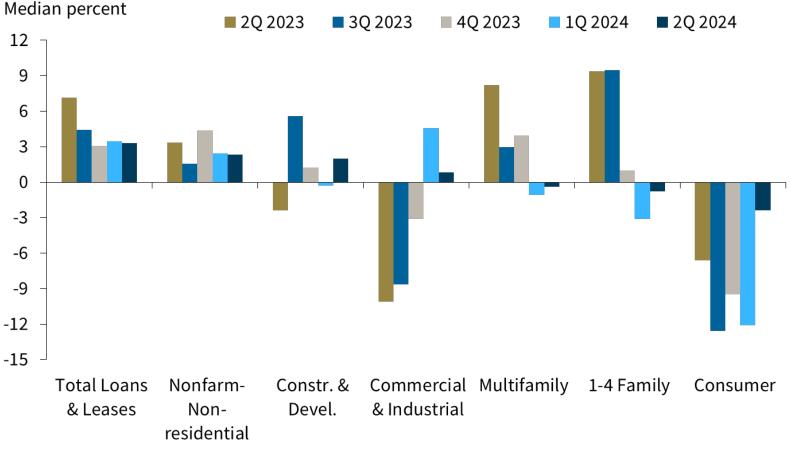


2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 Source: FDIC.

Note: Data are quarterly through the second quarter of 2024 based upon differences between the fair value and amortized cost of securities. Southern California includes ten contiguous counties.

#### Median Annual Loan Growth Remained Modestly Positive

Year-Over-Year Growth Rates, Southern California Banks

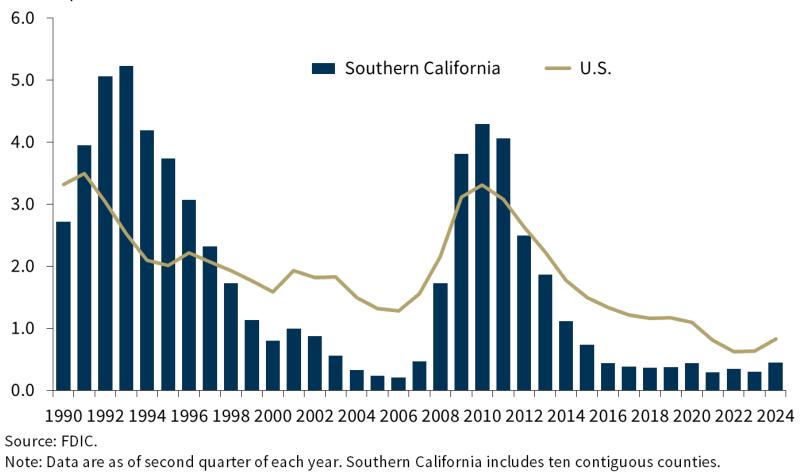


Source: FDIC.

Note: Includes Paycheck Protection Program loans. Limited to banks based in ten continguous Southern California counties.

# Loan Delinquencies Edged Up, Similar to a Nationwide Trend

Loans Past Due 30+ Days or Nonaccrual Median percent



Denominator excludes Paycheck Protection Program loans.

## Key Banking Takeaways

- Funding cost increases pressured margins. Rate cuts have historically led to margin compression.
- Loan-to-asset ratios are very high in Southern California. Good for yields; bad for liquidity.
- Bond portfolios remain underwater.
- Loan performance slipped and faces headwinds:
  Inflation and economic uncertainty;
  - CRE valuation declines, operating cost increases, and refinancing risks amid <u>very</u> high CRE loan concentrations; and
  - $\circ~$  Credit availability and negative feedback loops.
  - Provisions can be a big swing factor in profitability.

# Questions?